# The costant distance was an analysis of the costant distance and the co

ور المتعين العبرو المستقيم صواط الذين أعمت سم الله الرحمسن الرحيم الحدث لله رب ألعالمين الرحيم المستقيم مسراط الذين أنعمت المستقيم صواط الذين أنعمت المستقيم صواط الذين أنعمت المستقيم صواط الذين أنعمت على العبرود والمستقيم صواط الذين أنعمت المستقيم صواط الدين العمت المستقيم الم

נפשך, ובכל-מאדך. וחיו הדברים האלה, אשר אנכי מצוְשִמע, ישראל: יהוה אלהינו, יהוה אחד ואהבת, את יהוה אלחיד, בכל-לבדד ובכל-נפשך, ובכל-מאדר. וחיו הדברים האלה, אשר אנכי מצ עשר הידיני ואני ביישר וושתש והידיני ואני ואידי היק ווש וערים של וועני וואר וושתש וערים של וועני ווארים על מדינ לפשך, ובכל-מאדך וחיו הדברים האלה, אשר אנכי מצוושמע, ישראל: יהוה אלהינו, יהוה אחד ואהבת. את יהוה אלהיד, בכל-לבבד ובכל-נפשך, ובכל-מאדך. וחיו הדברים האלה, אשר אנכי מצוושמע, ישראל: יהוה אלהינו, יהוה אחד ואהבת מסט את ממולבו מסטים משנים ממולבו המסטים או ממולבו מסטים מסטים מסטים מסטים מונים מאלה. אשר אוכי ממולבו מסטים מסט

לינעד ונגליאון נהיו הדגרים האלה, אשר אנכי מצועמע, ישראל: יהנה אלהינה יהנה של היים שיות אל היים במוני באל מוני באל מוני באל היים במוני באל מוני באל היים במוני באל היים בל היים באל היים ב

The Scriptural Reasoning Society

# **King David**

Story found between I Samuel 16 & I Kings 2 (= 42 chapters!) Paralleled in I Chronicles 2-29 (= 28 chapters!)

Family background

Great-grandson of Ruth, a Moabite woman, and Boaz (Ruth 4)

Youngest of 8 brothers Raised as shepherd

Anointing and friendship with King Saul

Anointed by prophet Samuel to succeed Saul (I Samuel 16) Musician to Saul (I Samuel 16)

Killed Goliath the Philistine in battle (I Samuel 17)

The hostility of Saul

Saul tries to eliminate David (I Samuel 18, 19)

Friendship with Saul's son Jonathan (I Samuel 18-20)

Flight from Saul (I Samuel 19-31)

David establishes an independent military force to defend outlying communities

Spares Saul's life twice

Allies with Philistines, but not required to fight Saul's forces, Saul killed in battle by Philistines (I Samuel 31, II Samuel 1)

King in Hebron for 7 years (II Samuel 2-4)

Ruler of 2 southern tribes

Civil war with Saul's supporters

King in Jerusalem for 33 years

Ruler over all 12 tribes

Conquers Jerusalem as his capital (II Samuel 5)

Conquers neighbouring nations

Brings Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem as preliminary to building the Temple (II Samuel 6)

Affair with Bathsheba wife of Uriah the Hittite (II Samuel 11)

Problems with sons, rebellion of Absalom (II Samuel 13-20)

Scheming of Bathsheba and Nathan the prophet against Adonijah leads to naming of Solomon as David's successor (I Kings 1)

Dies in ripe old age (I Kings 2)

Reputed author of many psalms (73)

Ancestor of the Messiah

שמואל ב' פרק י"ב א'-ז'

ֶּ וַיִּשְׁלַּח יְהֹנֶ״ה אֶת־נְתָּן אֶל־דָּגֶד וַיִּבְא אֵלְיו וַיִּאמֶר לוֹ שְׁנֵי אֲנְשִׁים הְיוּ בְּעֵיר אֶחְת אֶחְד עְשִיר וְאֶחָד רָאש: בְּ לְעָשִיר הְיֶה צְאן וּבְקָר הַרְבֵּה מְאִד: ' וְלְרָשׁ אִין־כּּל כִּי אִם־כִּבְשָׂה אַחָת קְטַנָּה אֲשֶׁר קְנָה וַיְחַיֶּה וַתִּגְדַּל עִמֶּוֹ וְעִם־בְּנֵיו יַחְדָּו מִפִּּתוֹ תאׁכַל

וֹמִפֹּסְוֹ תִשְׁתֶּה וֹבְחֵיקוֹ תִשְׁבֶּׁב וַתְּהִי־לְוֹ בְּבַת: ֹ וַיְּבֹא הֵלֶּךְּ לְאֵישׁ הֶעְשִׁיר וַיִּחְמֹל לְקַחַת מְצֹּאנוֹ וּמִבְּקְרוֹ לְעֲשׁוֹת לְאֹרֵחַ הַבְּּא־לְוֹ וַיִּקֹּח אֶת־כִּבְשְׁתֹ הָאֵישׁ הְרָאשׁ הְרָאשׁ וֹמְבְּקְרוֹ לְעֲשׁוֹת לְאֹרֵחַ הַבְּּא־לֵוֹ וַיִּקֹּח אֶת־כִּבְּקְשׁׁתְ הָאִישׁ הְנְעֲשְּׂהְ לְאִישׁ הַּגְּשִׁה וְאַת: ֹ וְאֶת־הַכִּבְשֶׁה יְשַׁלֵּם אַרְבַּעְהָיִם עַקְב אֲשֶׁר עְשָׁה וְאַת: ֹ וְאֶת־הַכִּבְשֶׁה יְשַׁלֵם אַרְבַּעְהָיִם עַקְב אֲשֶׁר עְשָׁה אָשֶׁר לְא־חָמֶל: ֹ וַיְּאמֶר נְתָן אֶל־דְּוִד אַתְּה הְאָישׁ... אֶת־הַדְּבָּר הַזֶּה וְעַל אֲשֶׁר לְא־חָמֶל: ֹ וַיְּאמֶר נְתָן אֶל־דְּוִד אַתְּה הְאָישׁ...

Then the Eternal sent Nathan to David. He came to him, and said to him, 'There were two men in a certain city, the one rich and the other poor. <sup>2</sup> The rich man had very many flocks and herds; <sup>3</sup> but the poor man had nothing but one little ewe lamb, which he had bought. He brought it up, and it grew up with him and with his children; it used to eat of his meager fare, and drink from his cup, and lie in his bosom, and it was like a daughter to him. <sup>4</sup> Now there came a traveler to the rich man, and he was loath to take one of his own flock or herd to prepare for the wayfarer who had come to him, but he took the poor man's lamb, and prepared that for the guest who had come to him.' <sup>5</sup> Then David's anger was greatly kindled against the man. He said to Nathan, 'As the Eternal lives, the man who has done this deserves to die; <sup>6</sup> he shall restore the lamb fourfold, because he did this thing, and because he had no pity.' <sup>7</sup> Nathan said to David, 'You are the man! ...' (translation based on NRSV)

תהלים פרק נ"א

" לְמְנַצֵּׁחַ מִּזְמְוֹר לְּדָּוְד: בּבּוֹא־אֲלָיו נְתָן הַנָּבֵיא בְּאֲשֶׁר־בְּא אֶל־בַּת־שֶׁבַע: ' חָנַנִּי אֱלֹהִי״ם בְּחַסְבָּד בְּרָב לְחָמֶּידְ מְחָוֹה בְּשְׁעֵי: ' הַרבה [הְרָב] בַּבְּסֵנִי מֵעְוֹנִי וֹמָחַטְאתִי טְּבְּרָנִי: " בְּרָב לְחָמֶּעִי אֲנִי אֲדֶע וְחַפְּאתִי נָגְדִּי תְמִיד: ' לְּדָּ לְבַדְּדְ וֹ חָטָאתִי וְהָבְעוֹן חוֹלֶלְתִּי וֹבְּחַטְא יְהָבְעוֹן חוֹלֶלְתִּי וֹבְחַטְא יְחָבְּעִנִי אְמְיִי וְמִבְּעָתִי לְמַעַן־תִּצְּדֵּק בְּשָׁחְוֹת וּבְּסְתִם חָבְמָה תוֹדִיעֵנִי: " הְחַטְּאתִי וְהָבְעוֹן חוֹלֶלְתִּי וֹבְחַשְּאתִי נָנְדְי הְמָחְ חִבְּעְוֹן חוֹלֶלְתִּי וֹבְּחַשְּאתִי בְּאָוֹנִי בְּאַוֹּב הְיִבְּקְה בְּשְּבִין וְהִיּבְנָי מְבְּבְּיְרְה וְבְּבְיִיךְ וְחִיּבְּעִוֹן חוֹלְתְּבְיִי בְּאָוֹנִי בְּבְּיִרְ וְחָטְּאִיִם וְלְנִיתְ מְּבְּשְׁרִי בְּנִיךְ וְחָשְּאתִי בְּבְּיִרְ וְחָשְּאתִי בְּבְּרְבִּי וְבְּבְיִי בְּבְּבְּיִי וְנְנִי מְבְּבְּיִי וְנְנִיתְ בְּבְּיִי וְנְנִי מְבְּבְּיִי וְנְיִתְּיִ בְּבְּיִי וְלְנִי מְבְּבְּיִי וְלְבִּיְ וְלְבְּיִי וְלְבְּיִי וְלְבִּיְ וְלְנִיי בְּבְּבִייְ וְחִשְּאִים אֵלְיִי בְּנְיִבְּי וְנִיבְּה וְלִים לְבְיִבְיִי וְבְּבְּיִי וְלְנִים בְּבְיִי וְנְיּבִי בְּיִבְּיִי בְּבְּבְּיִי וְנְיִם בְּבְיִי וְלְנִים בְּבְּבְיִי וְנְנִיי מְדְּבְּבִי וֹ אֶלְבָּי וְבְּבְּיִי בְּבְּבְּיִי וְנִיּבְבְּי וְבִּבְּי וְלִים אָּבְּבְיי וְנִיבְּה וְבִּבְיי וְבְּבָּי וְלִיים בְּלִילְ אֵזִי וְחָבִיי בְּעִיבְי וְבְּבְיִי בְּבְּבְּיִי וְלְבְּבָי וְ וְלִים בְּיִי בְּעִיבְי וְבְּבְיִי בְּבְּבְּבְי וְלִיּבְיִי בְּבְּבְּבְי וְלִישְׁנִי בְּבְּבְיְי וְלְנִים בְּבְּבְיי וּלְשְׁבְיי בְּבְיוֹבְיי וְבְּבְּבְיְי בְּבְּבְיְיִי בְּבְּבְּבְיוֹ בְּבְּבְּבְיי וְבְּבְּיְ בְּבְּבְיְי בְּבְּבְּי וְבְּבְיּבְיי וּבְּבְיוֹי בְּבְיוֹי בְּבְיוֹבְיי וְבְּבְיוֹי בְּבְיבְיי בְּיוֹבְיי וְבְּבְבְיוֹבְי בְּבְּבְבְיי בְּבְּיוֹי וְבְּבְיבְיי בְּבְּבְּיבְי בְּבְיבְיי בְּבְּבְיבְי בְּבְּבְיוּ בְּבְיוֹבְיי וּבְּבְּי בְּיְבְּבְּי בְּיבְּבְיי בְּבְיבְיי בְּבְיוּבְיוֹ בְּבְיבְיי בְּבְּבְיבְי בְּיוֹבְיוֹי וּבְבְיי בְּבְּבְיבְי בְּיוֹבְיי וּבְּבְיְיִי וְבְּבְיוּי וְבְּבְיְבְיוֹן וְחִבּבְיי בְיוֹבְיּי וּבְיְבְיי וּבְּבְיבְיּי וּבְּבְיבְיי

Psalm 51

For the choirmaster. A psalm of David. When Nathan the prophet

came to him after he had been with Bathsheba.

Have mercy on me, O God, according to your steadfast love; according to your abundant mercy blot out my transgressions. Wash me thoroughly from my iniquity, and cleanse me from my sin. For I know my transgressions, and my sin is ever before me. Against you, you alone, have I sinned, and done

what is evil in your sight, so that you are justified in your sentence and blameless when you pass judgment. <sup>7</sup> Indeed, I was born guilty, a sinner when my mother conceived me. <sup>8</sup> You desire truth in the inward being; therefore teach me wisdom in my secret heart. <sup>9</sup> Purge me with hyssop, and I shall be clean; wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow. <sup>8</sup> Let me hear joy and gladness; let the bones that you have crushed rejoice. <sup>9</sup> Hide your face from my sins, and blot out all my iniquities. <sup>10</sup> Create in me a clean heart, O God, and put a new and right spirit within me. <sup>11</sup> Do not cast me away from your presence, and do not take your holy spirit from me. <sup>12</sup> Restore to me the joy of your salvation, and sustain in me a willing spirit. <sup>13</sup> Then I will teach transgressors your ways, and sinners will return to you. <sup>14</sup> Deliver me from bloodshed, O God, O God of my salvation, and my tongue will sing aloud of your deliverance. <sup>15</sup> O Lord, open my lips, and my mouth will declare your praise. <sup>16</sup> For you have no delight in sacrifice; if I were to give a burnt offering, you would not be pleased. <sup>17</sup> The sacrifice acceptable to God is a broken spirit; a broken and contrite heart, O God, you will not despise. <sup>18</sup> Do good to Zion in your good pleasure; rebuild the walls of Jerusalem, <sup>19</sup> then you will delight in right sacrifices, in burnt offerings and whole burnt offerings; then bulls will be offered on your altar. (translation based on NRSV)

(translation based on NRSV)

הוא המשובח שבנביאים, והמשובח שבמלכים, המשובח שבנביאים, זה משה, שנאמר ומשה עלה אל האלהים (שמות י"ט ג'), המשובח שבמלכים, זהו דוד...

מדרש תהלים, פרק א' סימן ב'.

So, who is the most praiseworthy among the prophets and the most praiseworthy in kingship? The most praiseworthy among the prophets? This is Moses, as it is said: 'And Moses ascended to God' (Exodus 19:3). The most praiseworthy in kingship? This is David...

Midrash Tehillim ('Midrash on Psalms') 1:2.

דוד הי' רבז של בעלי רוה"ק כמו שמרע"ה הי' רבז של הנביאים... ר' יעקב צבי יאליש, ס' קהלת יעקב, חלק ב' דף ה' עמוד א'.

**David**: He was the master of those who received the holy spirit, just as Moses our teacher was the master of the prophets.

Jacob Zevi Jolles (c.1778-1825), **Qehillat Ya'akov** ('The Congregation of Jacob' [Deuteronomy 33:4]) (Lemberg/Lvov, 1870), pt. 2, p. 5a.

#### Luke 1:30-33

 $^{30}$  καὶ εἶπεν ὁ ἄγγελος αὐτῆ Μὴ φοβοῦ Μαριάμ εὖρες γὰρ χάριν παρὰ τῷ θεῷ  $^{31}$  καὶ ἰδοὺ συλλήμψη ἐν γαστρὶ καὶ τέξη υἱόν καὶ καλέσεις τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦν  $^{32}$  οὖτος ἔσται μέγας καὶ υἱὸς ὑψίστου κληθήσεται καὶ δώσει αὐτῷ κύριος ὁ θεὸς τὸν θρόνον Δαυὶδ τοῦ πατρὸς αὐτοῦ  $^{33}$  καὶ βασιλεύσει ἐπὶ τὸν οἶκον Ἰακώβ εἰς τοὺς αἰῶνας καὶ τῆς βασιλείας αὐτοῦ οὐκ ἔσται τέλος

But the angel said to her, 'Do not be afraid, Mary, you have found favour with God. You will be with child and give birth to a son, and you are to give him the name Jesus. He will be great and will be called the Son of the Most High. The Lord God will give him the throne of his father David, and he will reign over the house of Jacob for ever; his kingdom will never end.'

## Luke 2:1, 3-5; 8-11

- ¹ Ἐγένετο δὲ ἐν ταῖς ἡμέραις ἐκείναις ἐξῆλθεν δόγμα παρὰ Καίσαρος Αὐγούστου ἀπογράφεσθαι πᾶσαν τὴν οἰκουμένην
- <sup>3</sup> καὶ ἐπορεύοντο πάντες ἀπογράφεσθαι ἕκαστος εἰς τὴν ἑαυτοῦ πόλιν <sup>4</sup> 'Ανέβη δὲ καὶ 'Ιωσὴφ ἀπὸ τῆς Γαλιλαίας ἐκ πόλεως Ναζαρὲθ εἰς τὴν 'Ιουδαίαν εἰς πόλιν Δαυὶδ ἥτις καλεῖται Βηθλέεμ διὰ τὸ εἶναι αὐτὸν ἐξ οἴκου καὶ πατριᾶς Δαυίδ <sup>5</sup> ἀπογράψασθαι σὺν Μαριὰμ τῆ ἐμνηστευμένη αὐτῷ οὔση ἐγκύῳ
- <sup>8</sup> Καὶ ποιμένες ἦσαν ἐν τῆ χώρα τῆ αὐτῆ ἀγραυλοῦντες καὶ φυλάσσοντες φυλακὰς τῆς νυκτὸς ἐπὶ τὴν ποίμνην αὐτῶν <sup>9</sup> καὶ ἄγγελος κυρίου ἐπέστη αὐτοῖς καὶ δόξα κυρίου περιέλαμψεν αὐτούς καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν φόβον μέγαν <sup>10</sup> καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς ὁ ἄγγελος Μὴ φοβεῖσθε ἰδοὺ γὰρ εὐαγγελίζομαι ὑμῖν χαρὰν μεγάλην ἥτις ἔσται παντὶ τῷ λαῷ <sup>11</sup> ὅτι ἐτέχθη ὑμῖν σήμερον σωτὴρ ὅς ἐστιν Χριστὸς κύριος ἐν πόλει Δαυίδ

In those days Caesar Augustus issued a decree that a census should be taken of the entire Roman world.... And everyone went to his own town to register. So Joseph also went up from the town of Nazareth in Galilee to Judea, to Bethlehem the town of David, because he belonged to the house and line of David. He went there to be registered with Mary, who was pledged to be married to him, and was expecting a child......

And there were shepherds living out in the fields nearby, keeping watch over their flocks by night. An angel of the Lord appeared to them, and the glory of the Lord shone around them, and they were terrified. But the angel said to them, 'Do not be afraid. I bring you good news of great joy that will be for all the people. Today in the town of David a Saviour has been born to you; he is Christ the Lord.

# John 7:41-42

<sup>41</sup> ἄλλοι ἔλεγον Οὖτός ἐστιν ὁ Χριστός οἱ δὲ ἔλεγον Μὴ γὰρ ἐκ τῆς Γαλιλαίας ὁ Χριστὸς ἔρχεται <sup>42</sup> οὐχ ἡ γραφὴ εἶπεν ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ σπέρματος Δαυίδ καὶ ἀπὸ Βηθλέεμ τῆς κώμης ὅπου ἦν Δαυίδ ἔρχεται ὁ Χριστὸς

'How can the Christ come from Galilee? Does not the Scripture say that the Christ will come from David's family and from Bethlehem, the town where David lived?'

#### Mark 2:23-30

 $^{23}$  Καὶ ἐγένετο αὐτὸν ἐν τοῖς σάββασιν διαπορεύεσθαι διὰ τῶν σπορίμων καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ ἤρξαντο ὁδὸν ποιεῖν τίλλοντες τοὺς στάχυας  $^{24}$  καὶ οἱ Φαρισαῖοι

ἔλεγον αὐτῷ Ἰδε τί ποιοῦσιν τοῖς σάββασιν ὁ οὐκ ἔξεστιν  $^{25}$  καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς Οὐδέποτε ἀνέγνωτε τί ἐποίησεν Δαυίδ ὅτε χρείαν ἔσχεν καὶ ἐπείνασεν αὐτὸς καὶ οἱ μετ αὐτοῦ  $^{26}$  [πῶς] εἰσῆλθεν εἰς τὸν οἶκον τοῦ θεοῦ ἐπὶ ᾿Αβιαθὰρ ἀρχιερέως καὶ τοὺς ἄρτους τῆς προθέσεως ἔφαγεν οὺς οὐκ ἔξεστιν φαγεῖν εἰ μὴ τοὺς ἱερεῖς καὶ ἔδωκεν καὶ τοῖς σὺν αὐτῷ οὖσιν  $^{27}$  καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς Τὸ σάββατον διὰ τὸν ἄνθρωπον ἐγένετο καὶ οὐχ ὁ ἄνθρωπος διὰ τὸ σάββατον·  $^{28}$  ὥστε κύριός ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου καὶ τοῦ σαββάτου

One Sabbath Jesus was going through the cornfields and as his disciples walked along, they began to pick some ears of corn. The Pharisees said to him, 'Look, why are they doing what is unlawful on the Sabbath?' He answered, 'Have you never read what David did when he and his companions were hungry and in need? In the days of Abiathar the high priest, he entered the house of God and ate the consecrated bread, which is lawful only for priests to eat. And he also gave some to his companions.' Then he said to them, 'The Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath. So the Son of Man is Lord even of the Sabbath.

#### Matthew 22:41-46

<sup>41</sup> Συνηγμένων δὲ τῶν Φαρισαίων ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτοὺς ὁ Ἰησοῦς <sup>42</sup> λέγων Τί ὑμῖν δοκεῖ περὶ τοῦ Χριστοῦ τίνος υἱός ἐστιν λέγουσιν αὐτῷ Τοῦ Δαυίδ <sup>43</sup> λέγει αὐτοῖς Πῶς οὖν Δαυὶδ ἐν πνεύματι καλεῖ αὐτὸν κύριον λέγων <sup>44</sup> Εἶπεν κύριος τῷ κυρίῳ μου Κάθου ἐκ δεξιῶν μου ἕως ἀν θῶ τοὺς ἐχθρούς σου ὑποκάτω τῶν ποδῶν σου <sup>45</sup> εἰ οὖν Δαυὶδ καλεῖ αὐτὸν κύριον πῶς υἱὸς αὐτοῦ ἐστιν <sup>46</sup> καὶ οὐδεὶς ἐδύνατο ἀποκριθῆναι αὐτῷ λόγον οὐδὲ ἐτόλμησέν τις ἀπ ἐκείνης τῆς ἡμέρας ἐπερωτῆσαι αὐτὸν οὐκέτι

While the Pharisees were gathered together, Jesus asked them, 'What do you think about the Christ? Whose son is he?' 'The son of David', they replied. He said to them, 'How is it then that David, speaking by the Spirit, calls him Lord? For he says,

"The Lord said to my Lord,

Sit at my right hand

Until I put your enemies under your feet."

If then David calls him 'Lord', how can he be his son?'

No one could say a word in reply, and from that day on no one dared to ask him any more questions.

#### Mark 10:46-52

<sup>46</sup> Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς Ἰεριχώ καὶ ἐκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ Ἰεριχὼ καὶ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ καὶ ὅχλου ἱκανοῦ ὁ υἱὸς Τιμαίου Βαρτιμαῖος τυφλὸς προσαίτης ἐκάθητο παρὰ τὴν ὁδόν <sup>47</sup> καὶ ἀκούσας ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ὁ Ναζαρηνός ἐστιν ἤρξατο κράζειν καὶ λέγειν Υἱὲ Δαυὶδ Ἰησοῦ ἐλέησόν με <sup>48</sup> καὶ ἐπετίμων αὐτῷ πολλοὶ ἵνα σιωπήση: ὁ δὲ πολλῷ μᾶλλον ἔκραζεν Υἱὲ Δαυίδ ἐλέησόν με <sup>49</sup> καὶ στὰς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν Φωνήσατε αὐτόν καὶ φωνοῦσιν τὸν τυφλὸν λέγοντες αὐτῷ Θάρσει ἔγειρε φωνεῖ σε <sup>50</sup> ὁ δὲ ἀποβαλὼν τὸ ἱμάτιον αὐτοῦ ἀναπηδήσας ἦλθεν πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν <sup>51</sup> καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν Τί σοι θέλεις ποιήσω ὁ δὲ τυφλὸς εἶπεν αὐτῷ Ῥαββουνι ἵνα ἀναβλέψω <sup>52</sup> καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτῷ Ὑπαγε ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέν σε καὶ εὐθὺς ἀνέβλεψεν καὶ ἠκολούθει αὐτῷ ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ

Then they came to Jericho. As Jesus and his disciples, together with a large crowd, were leaving the city, a blind man, Bartimaeus (that is, the son of Timaeus), was sitting by the roadside begging. When he heard that it was Jesus of Nazareth, he

began to shout, 'Jesus, Son of David, have mercy on me.' Many rebuked him and told him to be quiet, but he shouted all the more, 'Son of David, have mercy on me.' Jesus stopped and said, 'Call him.' So they called to the blind man, 'Cheer up! On your feet! He's calling you.' Throwing his cloak aside, he jumped to his feet and came to Jesus. 'What do you want me to do for you?' Jesus asked him. The blind man said 'Rabbi, I want to see.' 'Go', said Jesus, 'your faith has healed you' Immediately he received his sight and followed Jesus along the road.

### Mark 11:7-10

<sup>7</sup> καὶ φέρουσιν τὸν πῶλον πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν καὶ ἐπιβάλλουσιν αὐτῷ τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτῶν καὶ ἐκάθισεν ἐπ αὐτόν <sup>8</sup> καὶ πολλοὶ τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτῶν ἔστρωσαν εἰς τὴν ὁδόν ἄλλοι δὲ στιβάδας κόψαντες ἐκ τῶν ἀγρῶν <sup>9</sup> καὶ οἱ προάγοντες καὶ οἱ ἀκολουθοῦντες ἔκραζον Ὠσαννά· Εὐλογημένος ὁ ἐρχόμενος ἐν ὀνόματι κυρίου· <sup>10</sup> Εὐλογημένη ἡ ἐρχομένη βασιλεία τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν Δαυίδ· Ὠσαννὰ ἐν τοῖς ὑψίστοις

When they brought the colt to Jesus and threw their cloaks over it, he sat on it. Many people spread their cloaks on the road, while others spread branches they had cut in the fields. Those who went ahead and those who followed shouted 'Hosanna! Blessed is he who comes in the name of the Lord! Blessed is the coming kingdom of our father David! Hosanna in the highest!'

# Acts 2:22-36

<sup>22</sup> "Ανδρες Ίσραηλῖται ἀκούσατε τοὺς λόγους τούτους· Ἰησοῦν τὸν Ναζωραῖον ἄνδρα ἀποδεδειγμένον ἀπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ εἰς ὑμᾶς δυνάμεσιν καὶ τέρασιν καὶ σημείοις οἷ ς ἐποίησεν δι αὐτοῦ ὁ θεὸς ἐν μέσω ὑμῶν καθώς αὐτοὶ οἴδατε  $^{23}$  τοῦτον τῆ ώρισμένη βουλή καὶ προγνώσει τοῦ θεοῦ ἔκδοτον διὰ χειρὸς ἀνόμων προσπήξαντες ἀνείλατε  $^{24}$   $^{60}$ υ  $^{60}$ υ  $^{60}$ ος ἀνέστησεν λύσας τὰς  $^{60}$ οινας τοῦ θανάτου καθότι οὐκ  $^{60}$ ν δυνατὸν κρατεῖσθαι αὐτὸν ὑπ αὐτοῦ· 25 Δαυὶδ γὰρ λέγει εἰς αὐτόν Προορώμην τὸν κύριον ἐνώπιόν μου διὰ παντός ὅτι ἐκ δεξιῶν μού ἐστιν ἵνα μὴ σαλευθῶ <sup>26</sup> διὰ τοῦτο ηὐφράνθη μου ἡ καρδία καὶ ἠγαλλιάσατο ἡ γλῶσσά μου ἔτι δὲ καὶ ἡ σάρξ μου κατασκηνώσει ἐπ ἐλπίδι  $^{27}$  ὅτι οὐκ ἐγκαταλείψεις τὴν ψυχήν μου εἰς ἄδην οὐδὲ δώσεις τὸν ὅσιόν σου ἰδεῖν διαφθοράν  $^{28}$  ἐγνώρισάς μοι ὁδοὺς ζωῆς πληρώσεις με εὐφροσύνης μετὰ τοῦ προσώπου σου <sup>29</sup> "Ανδρες ἀδελφοί ἐξὸν εἰπεῖν μετὰ παρρησίας πρὸς ὑμᾶς περὶ τοῦ πατριάρχου Δαυίδ ὅτι καὶ ἐτελεύτησεν καὶ ἐτάφη καὶ τὸ μνῆμα αὐτοῦ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν ἄχρι τῆς ἡμέρας ταύτης <sup>30</sup> προφήτης οὖν ὑπάρχων καὶ εἰδὼς ότι ὅρκῳ ὤμοσεν αὐτῷ ὁ θεὸς ἐκ καρποῦ τῆς ὀσφύος αὐτοῦ καθίσαι ἐπὶ τὸν θρόνον αὐτοῦ  $^{131}$  προϊδών ἐλάλησεν περὶ τῆς ἀναστάσεως τοῦ Χριστοῦ ὅτι οὕτε ἐγκατελείφθη εἰς ἄδην οὕτε ἡ σὰρξ αὐτοῦ εἶδεν διαφθοράν  $^{32}$  τοῦτον τὸν Ἰησοῦν άνέστησεν ὁ θεός οὖ πάντες ἡμεῖς ἐσμεν μάρτυρες: <sup>33</sup> τῆ δεξιᾳ οὖν τοῦ θεοῦ ύψωθεὶς τήν τε ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦ πνεύματος τοῦ ἀγίου λαβών παρὰ τοῦ πατρὸς ἐξέχεεν τοῦτο οἱ ὑμεῖς [καὶ] βλέπετε καὶ ἀκούετε <sup>34</sup> οὐ γὰρ Δαυὶδ ἀνέβη εἰς τοὺς οὐρανούς λέγει δὲ αὐτός Εἶπεν κύριος τῷ κυρίῳ μου Κάθου ἐκ δεξιῶν μου <sup>35</sup> ἕως ἂν θῶ τοὺς έχθρούς σου ὑποπόδιον τῶν ποδῶν σου <sup>36</sup> ἀσφαλῶς οὖν γινωσκέτω πᾶς οἶκος Ίσραὴλ ὅτι καὶ κύριον αὐτὸν καὶ Χριστὸν ἐποίησεν ὁ θεός τοῦτον τὸν Ἰησοῦν ὃν ύμεῖς ἐσταυρώσατε

'Men of Israel, listen to this. Jesus of Nazareth was a man accredited by God to you by miracles, wonders and signs, which God did among you through him, as you yourselves know. This man was handed over to you by God's set purpose and foreknowledge, and you, with the help of wicked men, put him to death by nailing him to the cross. But God raised him from the dead, freeing him from the agaony of

death, because it was impossible for death to keep its hold on him. David said about him:

"I saw the Lord always before me.

Because he is at my right hand, I will not be shaken

Therefore my heart is glad and my tongue rejoices,

My body also will live in hope,

Because you will not abandon me to the grave,

Nor will you let your Holy One see decay.

You have made known to me the paths of life,

You will fill me with joy in your presence."

Brothers, I can tell you confidently that the patriarch David died and was buried, and his tomb is here to this day. But he was a prophet and knew that God had promised him on oath that he would place one of his descendants on his throne. Seeing what was ahead he spoke of the resurrection of the Christ, that he was not abandoned to the grave, nor did his body see decay. God has raised this Jesus to life and we are all witnesses of the fact. Exalted to the right hand of God he has received from the Father the promised Holy Spirit and has poured out what you now see and hear. For David did not ascend to heaven, and yet he said,

"The Lord said to my Lord, sit at my right hand

Until I make your enemies a footstool for your feet."

Therefore let all Israel be assured of this. God has made this Jesus whom you crucified both Lord and Christ.'

## **Romans 1:3-4**

<sup>3</sup> περὶ τοῦ υἱοῦ αὐτοῦ τοῦ γενομένου ἐκ σπέρματος Δαυὶδ κατὰ σάρκα <sup>4</sup> τοῦ ὁρισθέντος υἱοῦ θεοῦ ἐν δυνάμει κατὰ πνεῦμα άγιωσύνης ἐξ ἀναστάσεως νεκρῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν

This is the gospel concerning his Son who, in terms of human nature, was born a descendant of David, and who, in terms of the Spirit and of holiness, was designated Son of God in power by resurrection from the dead, Jesus Christ our Lord.

# The Heifer 251<sup>a</sup>

So they routed them by God's leave and David slew Goliath; and God gave him the dominion and wisdom, and taught him of that which He wills; and if God had not repelled some people by others, the earth would have been corrupted; but God is Possessor of Bounty upon creation.

# **Sad 17**<sup>b</sup>

Bear with what they say, and remember Our servant David, possessor of might; indeed was he ever turning in repentance.

8

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Quran 2; Texts selected by Amin Ahmadi
 <sup>b</sup> Quran 38; Texts selected by Amin Ahmadi